



Environmental Research Methods and Ethics

ENVI 3500 (3 credits / 45 hours)

SIT Study Abroad Program:

Argentina: People, Environment and Climate Change in Patagonia
and Antarctica

PLEASE NOTE: This syllabus represents a recent semester. Because courses develop and change over time to take advantage of unique learning opportunities, actual course content varies from semester to semester.

The Environmental Research Methods and Ethics course is an introduction to field research and research methods in climate change, ecology and conservation. The course prepares students to study and practice research effectively in a nontraditional and cross-cultural environment. Course content emphasizes understanding the human environment context as fundamental to knowing ecosystems, climate change, and people through fieldwork. The course introduces both ecological and anthropological field study techniques through the integration of field observation, activities and interviews. Students gain familiarity with record keeping, scientific analysis, interpretation, and presentation based on primary sources. Through excursions and field assignments the course introduces and critically employs scientific and social scientific methods appropriate to the program theme and for feasible and ethical research. This course runs concurrent with the thematic seminar Socio-ecological Dynamics and Conservation in Southern Patagonia and Antarctica and the Climate Change and Marine Biology in Southern Patagonia and Antarctica.

All students will participate in an overview of research design and appropriate methodological approaches to research on climate change, comparative ecology and conservation. Ethical considerations related to conducting research will be discussed and the Institutional Review Board (IRB) process necessary for student research or internship clearance will be introduced. The overall aim is to help students hone their experience-based learning processes and acquired research skills and prepare them for the development of an Independent Study Project (ISP) or Internship.

Student Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, students will be able to:

- Demonstrate understanding of field based learning in Southern Patagonia and Antarctica including issues of risk minimization and safety in a field setting;
- Collect, analyze, integrate, and report social and ecological data

- Demonstrate familiarity with key conceptual tools and skills for field research in climate change, ecology, conservation and society
- Master basic science and social science methods to study climate change and human impacts and adaptation
- Discuss the importance and relevance of ethics in research conducting field studies in a safe and responsible manner in natural and human built environments.

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Language of Instruction

This course is taught in Spanish, though some subjects may be introduced in English. Students will be exposed to vocabulary related to course content through in-country expert lectures and field visits to a wide range of venues and regional locales.

Course Schedule

*Please be aware that topics and excursions may vary to take advantage of any emerging events, to accommodate changes in our lecturers' availability, and to respect any changes that would affect student safety. Students will be notified if this occurs.

Session One: Context, Cultural Adjustment, and Experiential Learning

This module introduces students to field research in a study abroad context in Latin America in general and Patagonia and the Southern Ocean, specifically. Students consider representations of Latin American environments and communities and the ways in which standpoints shape approaches to Patagonia, ecosystems, and research. Discussions in Spanish and English regarding taboos, power, social hierarchy, gender, age, food, dress, etc. are accompanied with field-based activities that enable first-hand experience with cultural norms at homestays, in urban and rural areas, at the market, etc. In this module students reflect on their positionality and the role of outside researchers within SIT's experiential pedagogy. Furthermore, the module introduces students to strategies for effective living in Patagonia.

Assigned Readings:

Bridges, E. L., & Natalie, P. D. (2010). *Uttermost part of the Earth: a history of Tierra del Fuego and the Fuegians*. New York, NY: Rookery. [Selected chapters.]

Datesman, M. K., Crandall, J. A., & Kearny, E. N. (2014). *American ways an introduction to American culture*. White Plains, NY: Pearson. [Selected chapters.]

Gochenour, T. E. (1993). *Beyond Experience: The Experiential Approach to Cross-Cultural Education. Second Edition*. Intercultural Press. [The Green Banana by Donald Batchelder.]

Hall, E. T. (1978). *Más allá de la cultura*. Barcelona /etc.: Gili.

Session Two: Field Study Design and Contextualization

This module introduces students to field study design and the norms and expectations of primary data gathering in Patagonia. The module helps students to internalize the experiential learning process and to apply a nuanced understanding of the local context to the research cycle in preparation for independent research or an internship. Practical strategies aimed at

accomplishing this begin with participant observation, ethnographic approaches and the role of language in fieldwork, and learning how to record notes in the field. Seeing through local eyes and continuous reflection enhances contextual understanding and guides student expectations toward designing feasible projects.

Assigned Readings:

Bridges, E. L., & Natalie, P. D. (2010). *Uttermost part of the Earth: a history of Tierra del Fuego and the Fuegians*. New York, NY: Rookery. [Selected chapters.]

Glesne, C. (2016). *Becoming qualitative researchers: an introduction*. Boston: Pearson. [Selected chapters.]

Diversi, M., Moreira, C., & Lincoln, D. Y. (2016). *Between Talk Decolonizing Knowledge Production, Pedagogy, and Praxis*. Walnut Creek: Taylor and Francis. [Selected chapters.]

Session Three: Introduction to Social Science Methods

This module builds on the previous ethnographic approach in field study design and contextualization to include questionnaires, interviewing techniques, and group discussions, which are done with fishing families in the Beagle Channel. Structured, semi-structured, and key stakeholder interviews are performed on natural resource topics chosen by SIT students in collaboration with local students. Further understanding of resource use at the local level is achieved through Participatory Research Appraisal (PRA) alongside Patagonia student cohorts during the village stay. Teams of Patagonian and SIT students work with village leaders to produce participatory community maps, resource flow diagrams, household activity budgets, and seasonal agricultural calendars for their Natural Resource Portfolio assignment. A market analysis rounds out the array of social science techniques. Each method is analyzed through critical reflection of its utilities and shortcomings.

Assigned Readings:

Bridges, E. L., & Natalie, P. D. (2010). *Uttermost part of the Earth: a history of Tierra del Fuego and the Fuegians*. New York, NY: Rookery. [Selected chapters.]

Creswell, J. W. (2018). *Research design: Qualitative, quantitative, and mixed methods approaches*. 5th Edition. Thousand Oaks (Calif.): SAGE. [Selected chapters.]

Glesne, C. (2016). *Becoming qualitative researchers: an introduction*. Boston: Pearson. [Selected chapters.]

Diversi, M., Moreira, C., & Lincoln, D. Y. (2016). *Between Talk Decolonizing Knowledge Production, Pedagogy, and Praxis*. Walnut Creek: Taylor and Francis. [Selected chapters.]

Session Four: Introduction to Natural Science Methods

This module introduces students to designing and carrying out a field study using natural science techniques. Sampling strategies for a variety of ecological census techniques are reviewed for different target species. Botanical methods focuses on species discovery and minimum area, inventories using Gentry plots, Point Center Quarter (PCQ) for habitat and species association, vertical forest structure using Gauthier's method, and herbarium collection methods. Students are introduced to research in Coastal Environments, specifically the Southern Ocean. Successional theory to measure marine ecosystem health is introduced as

well as research techniques in Oceanography through the study of waves, marine currents, fronts, and tides. Students will also be introduced to the use of remote systems (GIS, images, remote sensing), mobile platforms (boats), probes sampling and monitoring of the marine environment through the use of physical variables like plankton and benthos as well as laboratory testing.

Research on land resources is also carried out looking at the regions chemical and biological variables finally students are introduced to technique in the study of Sea and Coastal Environments intruding technique in Marine and Coastal Geomorphology and Glaciers. Local researchers lay theoretical foundations, while it is the students' responsibility to design and carry out their studies, analyze and interpret their data, and reach conclusions based on the evidence. Oral and written presentations are done in Spanish.

Assigned Readings:

Barnard, C. J., Gilbert, F., & McGregor, P. (2017). *Asking questions in biology a guide to hypothesis testing, experimental design and presentation in practical work and research projects*. Harlow, England: Pearson. [Selected chapters.]

Bolstad, P. (2016). *GIS fundamentals: a first text on geographic information systems*. Acton, MA: XanEdu. [Selected chapters.]

Sutherland, W. J. (2006). *Ecological census techniques: a handbook*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. [Selected chapters.]

Session Five: Finding the Best Mix of Methods

This module focuses on making the most out of data collected through different methods and forms of analysis, cross-referencing, and triangulation. An overview of qualitative and quantitative methods conducted in conjunction with fieldwork on various assignments enables students to compare and contrast qualitative and quantitative data sets and respective modes of analysis and data presentation. After engaging in different types of natural and social science techniques, students are challenged to make the strongest case possible in answering their research questions or which may be used in internship sties based on available results without overstating their conclusions. The best mix of methods allows students to suggest policy guidelines for conservation strategies and development plans appropriate to the needs and rights of local actors.

Assigned readings:

Natural and social science methods previously listed in their respective modules.

Session Six: Ethics in Fieldwork for Research or Internships

Understanding local livelihoods and cultural practices is essential to all field studies or placements with internship sites. Issues concerning globalization, modernization/development, livelihoods, gender, political economy, rights, power & privilege and reproductive rights are viewed in local Argentinian cultural contexts while adhering to strict ethical guidelines. Case studies in ethics are discussed to emphasize the importance of cultural sensitivity. Working with human subjects and the role of the Local Review Board are meticulously reviewed to ensure adherence to SIT policy on ethical research.

Assigned Readings:

SIT Policy on Human Subject Research

Session Seven (Track I for Research): The ISP Conception to Completion

This module takes the student through the independent study project research cycle from the beginning conceptual phase through defining questions and understanding the surrounding issues to conducting literature reviews and developing appropriate methodologies for chosen subjects. Students see a variety of past projects and critique a former student's project to set the stage for exploring their own interests. Based on personal and professional objectives, topics are chosen, contacts are facilitated, and students engage in the formal process of proposal writing. Reflection is a critical aspect of the process culminating in recommendations for future study. Students carefully navigate the proposal process in observance of local norms and practical feasibility. The Local Review Board approves successful proposals after careful consideration of working with human subjects, appropriateness, and feasibility to complete a project in the allotted time. Issues related to time and budget management, travel logistics, cultural informants, and independent project advisors are fully discussed. The core requirements of the written and oral presentations are laid out in relation to the ISP assessment rubric.

Session Seven (Track II for Internship): The Internship Conception to Completion

This module takes the student through the internship process from the beginning phase in identifying internship sites, through defining internship objectives and elaborating the learning agreement between the student and the internship sites. The student is required to conducting a literature reviews regarding the topics of the internship to have a gain a deeper understanding of the internship opportunity where the student will be formally engaged in activities. Students will be prompted with questions regarding positionality, being encouraged to be self-reflective in their roles as interns. This reflection is a critical aspect of the internship. Students will also carefully navigate the observance of local norms. The Local Review Board approves successful internship proposals after careful consideration of working with human subjects, appropriateness, and the students' abilities. Issues related to time and budget management, travel logistics, and internship advisors are fully discussed. The core requirements of the written and oral presentations are laid out in relation to the Internship assessment rubric.

Evaluation and Grading Criteria

Experiences in and outside of the classroom are integrated into subsequent preparations for independent study projects or internships. Our sessions address many of the unique challenges faced in the process of information gathering and field study in Patagonia. Through structured activities, case studies, readings and discussions we will investigate natural and social science field methodologies and their appropriateness for fieldwork in different places in Patagonia. Various methods of field study will be discussed and tested during the semester. These methodologies are essential to students doing internships in that knowledge or research methods may be required.

Environmental Research Methods and Ethics Assignments

Assignments must be completed on time. Grades will be awarded for clarity, cohesiveness, organization, content, depth of analysis, and the appropriate use of sources.

Field Journal - During the semester students will maintain a journal of the field research methods learned during the modules. For each method, include the following:

1. Name of the method
2. Description of the method
3. What the method is used for
4. What type of data are captured by the method
5. How the data are analyzed (statistical or other means)
6. Two examples of experimental scenarios (that were not practiced in the course), including:
 - a. Brief research objective
 - b. How the method can be applied (experimental scenarios)
 - c. How you would analyze the data
 - d. Conclusions that can be drawn

The field journal is submitted for review and evaluation twice during the course of the semester, prior to the ISP/Internship period. (20%)

Presentations of Methods – Students will divide in small groups to prepare oral presentations on various research methods, this will include any ethical considerations and cultural appropriateness. Presentations will include the strengths and limitations of the methods that are presented, based on experiences. Concrete examples are provided. (20%)

Mini Literature Review – Provide five articles and five contacts for your ISP research or potential internship site and theme (field practitioners, NGOs, community members, professors, professionals, etc.). Full pdf articles should be submitted in a zipped file with the list of contacts. Using the articles you compiled for the previous assignment and additional references, a minimum of five, write a very brief, introductory literature review with the information available (one-page, single-spaced, with 10 references, and works cited page.) (20%)

Positionality Paper - This positionality paper is to encourage you to reflect on your worldview and to link the pursuit of knowledge with social, political, personal and environmental responsibility and collective action towards as you prepare for your ISP or internship. Please think critically about your presence and at your host organization or in your research to complete your paper. Any good paper on positionality will reflect on race, language, power, privilege, age, and self—among other factors—as they relate to your work. Your final paper should be a thoughtful, polished paper based on your experiences in Patagonia. It should include descriptive data as well as an analysis, interpretation and reflection on your experience during the semester. Keep in mind that this is *not* a summary of your field notes, an autobiography, or an analysis of your host organization or research question, but rather a *critical analysis* of and reflection upon your experience. (20%)

Research/Internship Proposal - All students must develop a research or internship proposal. The research or internship proposal should address a theme related to the program. In the case of ISPs the proposal should include a research question, research objectives, theoretical framework, methodology, and comply with the ethical standards learned throughout the course. IRB/LRB forms are also to be submitted. In the case of Internships the proposals background research on the internship site, a profile of the organization and their field of work, readings related to internships and program themes, internship objectives, and a learning agreement. Forms for the LRB must also be submitted for internships. (10%)

Participation - All students are expected to prepare for classes, attend and participate in all lectures, class discussions, field activities, and carry out all assignments and other activities prepared in the context of the Environmental Research Methods and Ethics course. (10%)

Field Journal	20%
Methods Presentation	20%
Mini Literature Review	20%
Positionality Paper	20%
ISP/Internship Proposal & LRB Forms	10%
Participation	<u>10%</u>
	100%

Grading Scale:

94-100%	A
90-93%	A-
87-89%	B+
84-86%	B
80-83%	B-
77-79%	C+
74-76%	C
70-73%	C-
67-69%	D+
64-66%	D
below 64%	F

Expectations and Policies

- Show up prepared. Be on time. Have your readings completed and points in mind for discussion or clarification. Complying with these elements raises the level of class discussion for everyone.
- Have assignments completed on schedule, printed, and done according to the specified requirements. This will help ensure that your assignments are returned in a timely manner.
- Ask questions in class. Engage the lecturer. These are often very busy professionals who are doing us an honor by coming to speak.
- Comply with academic integrity policies (no plagiarism or cheating, nothing unethical).
- Respect differences of opinion (those of classmates, lecturers, local constituents engaged with on the visits, etc.). You are not expected to agree with everything you hear, but you are expected to listen across difference and consider other perspectives with respect.

Student research (Independent Study Project) is a product of field work and as such students have an obligation to assess both the positive and negative consequences of their field study. Ethical field work, as stipulated in the SIT Statement of Ethics, results in products that are shared with local and academic communities; therefore, copies of ISPs are returned to the sponsoring institutions and the host communities, at the discretion of the institution(s) and/or community involved. World Learning/SIT Study Abroad may archive, copy, or convert the ISP for non-commercial use, for preservation purposes, and to ensure future accessibility. World Learning/SIT Study Abroad may archive ISPs in the permanent collection at the SIT Study Abroad local country program office and/or at any World Learning office. World Learning/SIT

Study Abroad has a non-exclusive, perpetual right to store and make available, including electronic online open access, to the ISP. Students retain all ownership rights of the ISP product and retain the right to use all, or part, of my project in future works. Please refer to the Student Handbook or the Access, Use, and Publication of ISP form.

If the research has been funded by a U.S. government agency, or if the student plans to take this research back to the home school or community for further dissemination, then the student may be required to follow standards from their home institutions in addition to the Local Review Board and those of the Office for Human Research Protections, with which SIT is registered. For applications that require a full review, the academic director will forward any questions or concerns that cannot be resolved at the program level (through the Local Review Board) to SIT's Institutional Review Board.

Please refer to the SIT Study Abroad Handbook for policies on academic integrity, ethics, warning and probation, diversity and disability, sexual harassment, and the academic appeals process.

Disability Services: Students with disabilities are encouraged to contact Disability Services at disabilityservices@sit.edu for information and support in facilitating an accessible educational experience. Additional information regarding SIT Disability Services, including a link to the online request form, can be found on the Disability Services website at <http://studyabroad.sit.edu/disabilityservices>.